

THE CLUB FOR GROWTH FOUNDATION'S

Congressional Scorecard **2025**

2025 SCORECARD METHODOLOGY

Club for Growth publishes the Club for Growth Foundation's scorecard study so our members and the public can monitor the actions and the voting behavior of Members of Congress on economic growth issues.

The Foundation conducted a comprehensive examination of each lawmaker's record on votes related to pro growth policies and computed an Economic Growth Score on a scale of 0 to 100. A score of 100 indicates the highest support for pro-growth policies. Those lawmakers scoring 90 or higher in 2025 – and who also have a lifetime score of 90 or higher – receive the Defender of Economic Freedom award from the Club.

The Foundation examines legislative votes related to the Club's immediate pro-economic growth policy goals, including:

- Reducing income tax rates
- Death tax repeal
- Limited government through reduced spending and budget reform, including a Balanced Budget Amendment to the United States Constitution
- Social Security reform with personal retirement accounts for younger workers
- Expanding trade freedom (free trade)
- Ending abusive lawsuits through medical malpractice and tort reform
- Replacing the current tax code (flat tax, fair tax)
- Expanding school choice
- Implementing Term Limits
- Regulatory reform and deregulation

Not all of these policies will come up for a vote in each session of Congress.



The Foundation also examines votes on bills that would directly harm these goals.

Whenever possible the Club sends a “key vote” alert to Capitol Hill prior to an expected roll call vote or pending legislative action important to the Club's goals. Notwithstanding the Club's “key vote” alerts, the Foundation reserves the right to include any vote or action in the study.

2025 HOUSE RATINGS

Members of Congress with annual scores AND lifetime scores of 90% or higher

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
ALASKA			
Begich, Nick	1	100%	100%
ALABAMA			
Aderholt, Robert	156	84%	65%
Figures, Shomari	265	22%	22%
Moore, Barry	1	100%	98%
Palmer, Gary	1	100%	93%
Rogers, Mike	156	84%	64%
Sewell, Terri	281	19%	6%
Strong, Dale	156	84%	77%
ARKANSAS			
Crawford, Rick	86	90%	69%
Hill, French	156	84%	72%
Westerman, Bruce	156	84%	80%
Womack, Steve	207	83%	63%
ARIZONA			
Ansari, Yassamin	322	9%	9%
Biggs, Andy	78	93%	98%
Ciscomani, Juan	156	84%	65%
Crane, Eli	78	93%	98%
Gosar, Paul	1	100%	93%
Grijalva, Adelita		n/a	n/a
Grijalva, Raul		n/a	8%
Hamadeh, Abraham	42	95%	95%
Schweikert, David	42	95%	94%
Stanton, Greg	233	28%	7%
CALIFORNIA			
Aguilar, Pete	265	22%	8%
Barragan, Nanette	334	6%	8%
Bera, Ami	259	25%	7%
Brownley, Julia	324	7%	5%
Calvert, Ken	156	84%	63%
Carbajal, Salud	233	28%	6%
Chu, Judy	355	0%	6%
Cisneros, Gil	355	0%	4%
Correa, Luis	262	24%	12%
Costa, Jim	226	34%	15%
DeSaulnier, Mark	355	0%	6%
Fong, Vince	156	84%	84%
Friedman, Laura	353	3%	3%
Garamendi, John	355	0%	4%
Garcia, Robert	317	10%	7%
Gomez, Jimmy	292	16%	11%
Gray, Adam	222	40%	40%
Harder, Josh	265	22%	7%
Huffman, Jared	355	0%	5%
Issa, Darrell	156	84%	75%
Jacobs, Sara	355	0%	0%
Kamlager-Dove, Sydney	317	10%	13%
Khanna, Ro	292	16%	12%
Kiley, Kevin	156	84%	66%
Kim, Young	156	84%	69%
LaMalfa, Doug	42	95%	75%
Levin, Mike	233	28%	7%
Liccardo, Sam	289	17%	17%
Lieu, Ted	292	16%	6%
Lofgren, Zoe	277	20%	8%
Matsui, Doris	324	7%	5%
McClintock, Tom	1	100%	96%
Min, Dave	281	19%	19%
Mullin, Kevin	304	13%	9%
Obornolte, Jay	207	83%	76%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
Panetta, Jimmy	233	28%	10%
Pelosi, Nancy	304	13%	5%
Peters, Scott	281	19%	11%
Rivas, Luz	355	0%	0%
Ruiz, Raul	292	16%	6%
Sanchez, Linda	334	6%	7%
Sherman, Brad	334	6%	4%
Simon, Lateefah	322	9%	9%
Swalwell, Eric	303	14%	8%
Takano, Mark	355	0%	6%
Thompson, Mike	304	13%	6%
Torres, Norma	334	6%	6%
Tran, Derek	233	28%	28%
Valadao, David	156	84%	56%
Vargas, Juan	355	0%	8%
Waters, Maxine	355	0%	7%
Whitesides, George	233	28%	28%
COLORADO			
Boebert, Lauren	1	100%	99%
Crank, Jeff	1	100%	100%
Crow, Jason	355	0%	2%
DeGette, Diana	355	0%	7%
Evans, Gabe	156	84%	84%
Hurd, Jeff	156	84%	84%
Neguse, Joseph	355	0%	3%
Pettersen, Brittany	287	18%	7%
CONNECTICUT			
Courtney, Joe	304	13%	5%
DeLauro, Rosa	355	0%	5%
Hayes, Jahana	355	0%	4%
Himes, James	281	19%	7%
Larson, John	355	0%	6%
DELAWARE			
McBride, Sarah	276	21%	21%
FLORIDA			
Bean, Aaron	1	100%	89%
Billirakis, Gus	86	90%	70%
Buchanan, Vern	134	89%	64%
Cammack, Kat	1	100%	96%
Castor, Kathy	355	0%	5%
Cherfilus-McCormick, Sheila	324	7%	2%
Diaz-Balart, Mario	156	84%	57%
Donalds, Byron	1	100%	100%
Dunn, Neal	86	90%	75%
Fine, Randy	154	87%	87%
Frankel, Lois	287	18%	5%
Franklin, Scott	86	90%	86%
Frost, Maxwell	355	0%	8%
Gimenez, Carlos	207	83%	69%
Haridopolos, Mike	156	84%	84%
Lee, Laurel	150	88%	72%
Luna, Anna Paulina	1	100%	98%
Mast, Brian	86	90%	78%
Mills, Cory	1	100%	98%
Moskowitz, Jared	226	34%	16%
Patronis, Jimmy	154	87%	87%
Rutherford, John	134	89%	66%
Salazar, Maria	76	94%	72%
Soto, Darren	233	28%	6%
Steube, Greg	42	95%	98%
Wasserman Schultz, Debbie	281	19%	5%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
Webster, Daniel	86	90%	78%
Wilson, Frederica	355	0%	6%
GEORGIA			
Allen, Rick	86	90%	80%
Bishop, Sanford	355	0%	9%
Carter, Buddy	134	89%	78%
Clyde, Andrew	1	100%	99%
Collins, Mike	42	95%	98%
Greene, Marjorie Taylor	85	92%	94%
Jack, Brian	86	90%	90%
Johnson, Henry	355	0%	5%
Loudermilk, Barry	86	90%	88%
McBath, Lucy	264	23%	7%
McCormick, Rich	42	95%	98%
Scott, Austin	150	88%	78%
Scott, David	334	6%	6%
Williams, Nikema	355	0%	4%
HAWAII			
Case, Ed	313	12%	8%
Tokuda, Jill	355	0%	0%
IDAHO			
Fulcher, Russ	150	88%	95%
Simpson, Mike	156	84%	59%
ILLINOIS			
Bost, Mike	86	90%	66%
Budzinski, Nikki	233	28%	11%
Casten, Sean	334	6%	3%
Davis, Danny	355	0%	6%
Foster, Bill	313	12%	6%
Garcia, Jesus	355	0%	8%
Jackson, Jonathan	292	16%	12%
Kelly, Robin	324	7%	5%
Krishnamoorthi, Raja	292	16%	6%
LaHood, Darin	86	90%	83%
Miller, Mary	1	100%	99%
Quigley, Mike	277	20%	9%
Ramirez, Delia	355	0%	10%
Schakowsky, Janice	355	0%	7%
Schneider, Bradley	265	22%	8%
Sorensen, Eric	233	28%	11%
Underwood, Lauren	355	0%	3%
INDIANA			
Dunn, James	86	90%	77%
Carson, Andre	355	0%	5%
Houchin, Erin	42	95%	77%
Messmer, Mark	86	90%	90%
Mrvan, Frank	313	12%	2%
Shreve, Jefferson	86	90%	90%
Spartz, Victoria	42	95%	91%
Stutzman, Marlin	1	100%	94%
Yakym, Rudolph	42	95%	78%
IOWA			
Feenstra, Randy	156	84%	79%
Hinson, Ashley	156	84%	74%
Miller-Meeks, Mariannette	156	84%	73%
Nunn, Zach	134	89%	65%
KANSAS			
Daids, Sharice	334	6%	5%
Estes, Ron	156	84%	81%
Mann, Tracey	1	100%	98%
Schmidt, Derek	42	95%	95%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
KENTUCKY			
Barr, Andy	42	95%	73%
Comer, James	1	100%	82%
Guthrie, Brett	156	84%	72%
Massie, Thomas	219	73%	92%
McGarvey, Morgan	324	7%	5%
Rogers, Hal	156	84%	61%
LOUISIANA			
Carter, Troy	355	0%	0%
Fields, Cleo	289	17%	17%
Higgins, Clay	1	100%	90%
Johnson, Mike	1	100%	83%
Letlow, Julia	86	90%	75%
Scalise, Steve	86	90%	80%
MASSACHUSETTS			
Auchincloss, Jake	302	15%	6%
Clark, Katherine	324	7%	5%
Keating, Bill	355	0%	5%
Lynch, Stephen	334	6%	6%
McGovern, Jim	355	0%	6%
Moulton, Seth	277	20%	7%
Neal, Richard	355	0%	6%
Pressley, Ayanna	355	0%	11%
Trahan, Lori	304	13%	4%
MARYLAND			
Elfreh, Sarah	353	3%	3%
Harris, Andy	78	93%	91%
Hoyer, Steny	355	0%	5%
Ivey, Glenn	355	0%	0%
McClain-Delaney, April	265	22%	22%
Mfume, Kweisi	355	0%	0%
Olszewski, Johnny	317	10%	10%
Raskin, Jamie	355	0%	5%
MAINE			
Golden, Jared	221	41%	21%
Pingree, Chellie	355	0%	5%
MICHIGAN			
Barrett, Tom	134	89%	89%
Bergman, Jack	156	84%	70%
Dingell, Debbie	355	0%	4%
Huizenga, Bill	86	90%	79%
James, John	156	84%	66%
McClain, Lisa	207	83%	78%
McDonald Rivet, Kristen	233	28%	28%
Moolenaar, John	86	90%	71%
Scholten, Hillary	265	22%	9%
Stevens, Haley	233	28%	6%
Thanedar, Shri	233	28%	11%
Tlaib, Rashida	355	0%	11%
Walberg, Tim	86	90%	78%
MINNESOTA			
Craig, Angela	265	22%	7%
Emmer, Tom	86	90%	78%
Finstad, Brad	134	89%	87%
Fischbach, Michelle	86	90%	88%
McCollum, Betty	355	0%	4%
Morrison, Kelly	334	6%	6%
Omar, Ilhan	355	0%	10%
Stauber, Pete	156	84%	67%
MISSOURI			
Alford, Mark	156	84%	87%
Bell, Wesley	304	13%	13%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
Burlison, Eric	78	93%	98%
Cleaver, Emanuel	355	0%	5%
Graves, Sam	86	90%	69%
Onder, Bob	1	100%	100%
Smith, Jason	42	95%	83%
Wagner, Ann	156	84%	68%
MISSISSIPPI			
Ezell, Mike	156	84%	79%
Guest, Michael	134	89%	84%
Kelly, Trent	86	90%	85%
Thompson, Bennie	355	0%	6%
MONTANA			
Downing, Troy	86	90%	90%
Zinke, Ryan	86	90%	75%
NEBRASKA			
Bacon, Don	156	84%	64%
Flood, Mike	42	95%	78%
Smith, Adrian	86	90%	80%
NEVADA			
Amodei, Mark	216	77%	65%
Horsford, Steven	233	28%	8%
Lee, Susie	233	28%	7%
Titus, Dina	304	13%	7%
NEW HAMPSHIRE			
Goodlander, Maggie	233	28%	28%
Pappas, Chris	233	28%	7%
NEW JERSEY			
Conaway, Herbert	277	20%	20%
Gottheimer, Josh	232	30%	9%
Kean, Thomas	156	84%	65%
Mciver, LaMonica	355	0%	0%
Menendez, Robert	292	16%	7%
Norcross, Donald	324	7%	4%
Pallone, Frank	355	0%	7%
Pou, Nellie	233	28%	28%
Sherrill, Mikie	262	24%	6%
Smith, Christopher	156	84%	45%
Van Drew, Jeff	156	84%	65%
Watson Coleman, Bonnie	355	0%	5%
Watson Coleman, Bonnie	279	7%	6%
NEW MEXICO			
Leger Fernandez, Teresa	355	0%	0%
Stansbury, Melanie	355	0%	3%
Vasquez, Gabriel	233	28%	12%
NEW YORK			
Clarke, Yvette	355	0%	8%
Espallat, Adriano	317	10%	8%
Garbarino, Andrew	156	84%	66%
Gillen, Laura	258	27%	27%
Goldman, Daniel	289	17%	12%
Jeffries, Hakeem	324	7%	6%
Kennedy, Timothy	292	16%	13%
LaLota, Nick	156	84%	60%
Langworthy, Nicholas	134	89%	69%
Latimer, George	233	28%	28%
Lawler, Mike	207	83%	61%
Malliotakis, Nicole	216	77%	71%
Mannion, John	233	28%	28%
Meeks, Gregory	292	16%	9%
Meng, Grace	324	7%	7%
Morelle, Joseph	334	6%	3%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
Nadler, Jerrold	355	0%	5%
Ocasio-Cortez, Alexandria	355	0%	14%
Riley, Josh	233	28%	28%
Ryan, Pat	233	28%	11%
Stefanik, Elise	134	89%	54%
Suozzi, Tom	228	33%	11%
Tenney, Claudia	86	90%	69%
Tonko, Paul	355	0%	4%
Torres, Ritchie	265	22%	10%
Velazquez, Nydia	355	0%	7%
NORTH CAROLINA			
Adams, Alma	355	0%	3%
Davis, Donald	222	40%	28%
Edwards, Charles	156	84%	71%
Foushee, Valerie	355	0%	0%
Fox, Virginia	86	90%	84%
Harrigan, Pat	1	100%	100%
Harris, Mark	42	95%	95%
Hudson, Richard	1	100%	80%
Knott, Brad	86	90%	90%
McDowell, Addison	86	90%	90%
Moore, Tim	86	90%	90%
Murphy, Greg	134	89%	82%
Ross, Deborah	334	6%	1%
Rouzer, David	76	94%	78%
NORTH DAKOTA			
Fedorchak, Julie	42	95%	95%
OHIO			
Balderson, Troy	134	89%	73%
Beatty, Joyce	355	0%	3%
Brown, Shontel	355	0%	0%
Carey, Mike	156	84%	67%
Davidson, Warren	78	93%	95%
Jim Jordan	1	100%	97%
Joyce, David	156	84%	56%
Kaptur, Marcy	334	6%	4%
Landsman, Greg	265	22%	8%
Latta, Bob	86	90%	80%
Miller, Max	134	89%	78%
Rulli, Michael	156	84%	84%
Sykes, Emilia	292	16%	5%
Taylor, David			

2025 HOUSE VOTES

S.J.RES.31 — DISAPPROVING EPA RULE UNDER THE CLEAN AIR ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution overturns an EPA Clean Air Act rule that restricted regulatory relief for facilities that reduce hazardous air pollutant emissions below major-source thresholds. Businesses that lower emissions should be able to reclassify as area sources and avoid unnecessary major-source compliance burdens. Reversing the rule restores regulatory flexibility, lowers costs for manufacturers and energy producers, and encourages emissions reductions without expanding federal control.

RESCISSIONS ACT OF 2025

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The Rescissions Act of 2025 cancels billions in previously appropriated spending for foreign aid and public broadcasting that taxpayers should not be forced to fund. Congress should reclaim unnecessary spending authority instead of allowing federal agencies to spend money simply because it was already appropriated. Rescinding these funds is a practical step toward reducing waste, restoring fiscal discipline, and limiting taxpayer support for programs that do not serve core national priorities.

ONE BIG BEAUTIFUL BILL ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The One Big Beautiful Bill Act permanently extends the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act provisions, restores 100 percent immediate expensing, and rolls back Inflation Reduction Act energy subsidies. Lower marginal tax rates and full expensing increase capital investment, productivity, wage growth, and long-run economic expansion.

CLARITY ACT — DIGITAL ASSET MARKET CLARITY ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The Digital Asset Market Clarity Act establishes clearer jurisdictional boundaries for digital assets and reduces uncertainty created by overlapping federal regulation. Entrepreneurs and investors are more likely to innovate and deploy capital in the United States when Congress provides transparent and predictable rules instead of regulation through enforcement actions.

GENIUS ACT — GUIDING AND ESTABLISHING NATIONAL INNOVATION FOR U.S. STABLECOINS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The GENIUS Act creates a stablecoin framework that

encourages private-sector financial innovation while limiting arbitrary regulatory intervention. Competitive digital payment systems strengthen financial markets, expand consumer choice, and preserve American leadership in emerging financial technologies.

ANTI-CBDC SURVEILLANCE STATE ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The Anti-CBDC Surveillance State Act prohibits the Federal Reserve from issuing a central bank digital currency directly to individuals. A federally controlled digital currency would create significant risks to financial privacy, expand government surveillance capabilities, and centralize federal control over private economic activity.

GREENE AMENDMENT TO CUT OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN AND DISASTER RELIEF AID

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

Representative Marjorie Taylor Greene's amendment reduces overseas humanitarian and disaster assistance funding, decreasing nonessential federal spending and limiting foreign aid commitments. Congress should focus on reducing deficits and prioritizing domestic fiscal stability instead of expanding international aid expenditures financed through additional borrowing.

PERRY AMENDMENT ON THE DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

Representative Scott Perry's amendment restricts funding for policies that limit natural gas development in the Delaware River Basin region. Federal and interstate regulators should not block domestic energy production that lowers energy prices, creates jobs, and strengthens American energy independence.

SCHWEIKERT AMENDMENT TO RESCIND UNOBLIGATED FEDERAL FUNDS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This amendment rescinds unobligated federal funds, returning unused appropriations to taxpayers instead of leaving them available for future government expansion. Reclaiming dormant spending authority is a practical step toward reducing deficits and enforcing fiscal discipline.

DUMP RED TAPE ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The DUMP Red Tape Act gives small businesses a direct way to identify unnecessary, misaligned, and costly federal regulations through the Small Business Administration's Office of Advocacy. By creating a

formal reporting mechanism for regulatory burdens, the bill helps Congress and federal agencies better understand how red tape affects entrepreneurs, job creators, and local businesses. Reducing unnecessary compliance costs allows small businesses to spend less time navigating bureaucracy and more time investing, hiring, and growing.

INVEST ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The INVEST Act expands access to capital for entrepreneurs, small businesses, and emerging growth companies by reducing unnecessary barriers in private markets. By making it easier for businesses to raise funds, attract investment, and scale, the bill strengthens capital formation and supports innovation, job creation, and long-term economic growth. Congress should make it easier, not harder, for private companies and investors to deploy capital in the American economy.

H. CON. RES. 14 — ESTABLISHING THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This budget resolution includes spending restraint targets and reconciliation instructions to reduce deficits. Congress must use the budget process to curb mandatory spending growth and prevent further deterioration of the federal fiscal outlook.

DISAPPROVING DOE ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR WATER HEATERS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution disapproves the Department of Energy's energy conservation standards for water heaters because the rule effectively phases out affordable natural gas appliances and increases costs for households. Consumers should retain the freedom to choose appliances based on price and performance rather than federal efficiency mandates.

DISAPPROVING DOE APPLIANCE EFFICIENCY STANDARDS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This joint resolution overturns Department of Energy appliance efficiency standards because the regulations impose one-size-fits-all federal mandates that increase manufacturing and consumer costs. Market competition and consumer demand are more effective than federal regulation at encouraging innovation and efficiency improvements.

FULL-YEAR CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS AND EXTENSIONS ACT, 2025

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This measure maintains government funding levels without adopting a larger omnibus spending package. Avoiding a shutdown while preserving leverage for future spending cuts is preferable to passing broader bipartisan spending agreements that permanently increase federal expenditures.

DISAPPROVING IRS RULE ON GROSS PROCEEDS REPORTING FOR DIGITAL ASSETS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution overturns the Internal Revenue Service rule on gross proceeds reporting for digital asset brokers because the regulation imposes expansive reporting requirements on decentralized finance and cryptocurrency transactions. The rule increases compliance burdens, discourages innovation in blockchain technology, and pushes investment activity outside the United States.

SPEED ACT — STANDARDIZING PERMITTING AND EXPEDITING ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

The SPEED Act shortens permitting timelines and reduces delays for infrastructure, manufacturing, and energy projects. Lengthy federal permitting reviews increase project costs, discourage investment, and slow economic growth and domestic energy development.

DISAPPROVING CFPB RULE

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This joint resolution disapproves the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau rule because the regulation expands CFPB authority over consumer financial markets and imposes costly compliance mandates on financial institutions. Excessive CFPB regulation restricts competition, limits access to financial services, and increases costs that are ultimately passed on to consumers.

DISAPPROVING CFPB OVERDRAFT LENDING RULE

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution overturns the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau overdraft lending rule because the regulation effectively imposes federal price controls on overdraft services offered by banks and credit unions. Restricting overdraft products reduces consumer access to short-term liquidity options and increases compliance costs that are ultimately passed on to consumers.

2025 SENATE RATINGS

Members of the Senate with annual scores AND lifetime scores of 90% or higher

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
ALASKA			
Murkowski, Lisa	52	58%	50%
Sullivan, Dan	43	68%	65%
ALABAMA			
Britt, Katie	14	90%	80%
Tuberville, Tommy	14	90%	94%
ARKANSAS			
Boozman, John	27	80%	69%
Cotton, Tom	21	89%	80%
ARIZONA			
Gallego, Ruben	54	34%	9%
Kelly, Mark	72	18%	6%
CALIFORNIA			
Padilla, Alex	62	28%	7%
Schiff, Adam	63	27%	8%
COLORADO			
Bennet, Michael	85	12%	8%
Hickenlooper, John	56	31%	10%
CONNECTICUT			
Blumenthal, Richard	85	12%	5%
Murphy, Christopher	85	12%	6%
DELAWARE			
Blunt Rochester, Lisa	77	16%	5%
Coons, Chris	77	16%	5%
FLORIDA			
Moody, Ashley	1	100%	100%
Scott, Rick	1	100%	90%
GEORGIA			
Ossoff, Thomas	72	18%	5%
Warnock, Raphael	74	17%	5%
HAWAII			
Hirono, Mazie	85	12%	4%
Schatz, Brian	74	17%	3%
IDAHO			
Crapo, Mike	14	90%	81%
Risch, Jim	1	100%	88%
ILLINOIS			
Duckworth, Tammy	85	12%	3%
Durbin, Dick	80	15%	3%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
INDIANA			
Banks, Jim	1	100%	95%
Young, Todd	43	68%	65%
IOWA			
Ernst, Joni	1	100%	75%
Grassley, Chuck	27	80%	76%
KANSAS			
Marshall, Roger	23	88%	80%
Moran, Jerry	43	68%	69%
KENTUCKY			
McConnell, Mitch	40	75%	70%
Paul, Rand	42	69%	95%
LOUISIANA			
Cassidy, Bill	39	76%	70%
Kennedy, John	23	88%	81%
MASSACHUSETTS			
Markey, Edward	85	12%	8%
Warren, Elizabeth	85	12%	9%
MARYLAND			
Alsobrooks, Angela	63	27%	27%
Van Hollen, Chris	85	12%	7%
MAINE			
Collins, Susan	53	43%	34%
King, Angus	80	15%	5%
MICHIGAN			
Peters, Gary	77	16%	6%
Slotkin, Elissa	63	27%	7%
MINNESOTA			
Klobuchar, Amy	85	12%	6%
Smith, Tina	82	13%	3%
MISSOURI			
Hawley, Josh	41	73%	83%
Schmitt, Eric	14	90%	92%
MISSISSIPPI			
Hyde-Smith, Cindy	43	68%	65%
Wicker, Roger	43	68%	65%
MONTANA			
Daines, Steve	1	100%	85%
Sheehy, Tim	14	90%	90%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
NORTH CAROLINA			
Budd, Ted	1	100%	97%
Tillis, Thom	51	65%	64%
NORTH DAKOTA			
Cramer, Kevin	27	80%	60%
Hoeven, John	27	80%	63%
NEBRASKA			
Fischer, Deb	43	68%	74%
Ricketts, Pete	27	80%	84%
NEW HAMPSHIRE			
Hassan, Maggie	61	29%	5%
Shaheen, Jeanne	69	22%	5%
NEW JERSEY			
Booker, Cory	56	31%	10%
Kim, Andy	63	27%	6%
NEW MEXICO			
Heinrich, Martin	63	27%	4%
Lujan, Ben	63	27%	8%
NEVADA			
Cortez Masto, Catherine	59	30%	7%
Rosen, Jacky	59	30%	9%
NEW YORK			
Gillibrand, Kirsten	56	31%	9%
Schumer, Chuck	74	17%	4%
OHIO			
Husted, Jon	38	78%	78%
Moreno, Bernie	23	88%	88%
OKLAHOMA			
Lankford, James	14	90%	86%
Mullin, Markwayne	27	80%	77%
OREGON			
Merkley, Jeff	85	12%	7%
Wyden, Ron	85	12%	8%
PENNSYLVANIA			
Fetterman, John	54	34%	20%
McCormick, Dave	27	80%	80%
RHODE ISLAND			
Reed, Jack	85	12%	5%
Whitehouse, Sheldon	82	13%	5%

MEMBER	RANK	SCORE	LIFE-TIME
SOUTH CAROLINA			
Graham, Lindsey	43	68%	65%
Scott, Tim	27	80%	87%
SOUTH DAKOTA			
Rounds, Mike	27	80%	62%
Thune, John	27	80%	72%
TENNESSEE			
Blackburn, Marsha	1	100%	90%
Hagerty, Bill	1	100%	88%
TEXAS			
Cornyn, John	14	90%	77%
Cruz, Ted	1	100%	93%
UTAH			
Curtis, John	23	88%	82%
Lee, Mike	1	100%	99%
VIRGINIA			
Kaine, Tim	70	21%	5%
Warner, Mark	70	21%	8%
VERMONT			
Sanders, Bernie	85	12%	9%
Welch, Peter	82	13%	6%
WASHINGTON			
Cantwell, Maria	77	16%	8%
Murray, Patty	85	12%	5%
WISCONSIN			
Baldwin, Tammy	85	12%	4%
Johnson, Ron	1	100%	91%
WEST VIRGINIA			
Capito, Shelley	43	68%	52%
Justice, Jim	21	89%	89%
WYOMING			
Barrasso, John	27	80%	82%
Lummis, Cynthia	1	100%	86%

2025 SENATE VOTES

DISAPPROVING IRS RULE ON DIGITAL ASSET REPORTING

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This joint resolution disapproves the Internal Revenue Service rule on gross proceeds reporting for digital asset brokers because the regulation imposes expansive reporting requirements on decentralized finance platforms and cryptocurrency transactions. The rule increases compliance burdens on innovators, discourages blockchain investment in the United States, and expands federal monitoring of private financial activity.

DISAPPROVING CFPB RULE

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This joint resolution disapproves the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau rule because the regulation expands CFPB authority over consumer financial markets and imposes costly compliance mandates on financial institutions. Excessive CFPB regulation restricts competition, limits access to financial services, and increases costs that are ultimately passed on to consumers.

AMENDMENTS TO REDUCE APPROPRIATIONS FOR USAID

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

These amendments reduce appropriations for the United States Agency for International Development, decreasing federal spending on foreign assistance programs. Reducing international aid spending helps limit deficits, restrain government growth, and prioritize fiscal discipline amid rising national debt levels.

FULL-YEAR CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS AND EXTENSIONS ACT, 2025

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This legislation funds the government without adopting a larger omnibus spending package that would significantly increase discretionary spending. Maintaining current funding levels preserves opportunities for future spending reductions and avoids locking in higher long-term federal expenditures.

DISAPPROVING CFPB OVERDRAFT LENDING RULE

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution overturns the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau overdraft lending rule because the regulation effectively imposes federal price controls on overdraft services offered by banks and credit unions. Restricting overdraft products reduces consumer access

to short-term liquidity options and increases compliance costs that are ultimately passed on to consumers.

SCOTT BESSENT NOMINATION FOR SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This nomination confirms Scott Besent to serve as Secretary of the Treasury. He has advocated for lower taxes, deregulation, and pro-growth economic policies.

DISAPPROVING DOE ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR WATER HEATERS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution disapproves the Department of Energy's energy conservation standards for water heaters because the rule effectively phases out affordable natural gas appliances and increases costs for households. Consumers should retain the freedom to choose appliances based on price and performance rather than federal efficiency mandates.

DISAPPROVING DOE APPLIANCE EFFICIENCY STANDARDS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This joint resolution overturns Department of Energy appliance efficiency standards because the regulations impose one-size-fits-all federal mandates that increase manufacturing and consumer costs. Market competition and consumer demand are more effective than federal regulation at encouraging innovation and efficiency improvements.

S.J.RES.31 — DISAPPROVING EPA RULE UNDER THE CLEAN AIR ACT

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution overturns an EPA Clean Air Act rule that restricted regulatory relief for facilities that reduce hazardous air pollutant emissions below major-source thresholds. Businesses that lower emissions should be able to reclassify as area sources and avoid unnecessary major-source compliance burdens. Reversing the rule restores regulatory flexibility, lowers costs for manufacturers and energy producers, and encourages emissions reductions without expanding federal control.

DISAPPROVING EPA EMISSIONS STANDARDS FOR RUBBER TIRE MANUFACTURING

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This joint resolution overturns the Environmental Protection Agency emissions standards for rubber tire manufacturing because the rule imposes costly compliance requirements on domestic manufacturers.

The regulation increases production costs, weakens industrial competitiveness, and places additional burdens on American manufacturing operations.

GENIUS ACT – GUIDING AND ESTABLISHING NATIONAL INNOVATION FOR U.S. STABLECOINS **(CFGF SUPPORTS)**

The GENIUS Act creates a clearer legal framework for stablecoins and digital payment systems. Regulatory certainty encourages financial innovation, strengthens competition in payment markets, and keeps digital asset development within the United States instead of overseas.

COLLINS AMENDMENT 2812 TO H.R. 1, THE ONE BIG BEAUTIFUL BILL ACT **(CFGF OPPOSES)**

Senator Susan Collins' Amendment 2812 to H.R. 1 would raise taxes to fund additional spending under the Rural Health Transformation Program. Raising the top individual income tax rate would undermine the bill's pro-growth purpose, discourage investment, and weaken efforts to keep taxes low and restrain federal spending.

RUSSELL VOUGHT NOMINATION FOR DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET **(CFGF SUPPORTS)**

This nomination confirms Russell Vought to serve as Director of the Office of Management and Budget. He has consistently advocated for spending restraint, regulatory reform, and smaller government. His leadership at OMB prioritizes deficit reduction and stronger oversight of federal spending programs.

ONE BIG BEAUTIFUL BILL ACT **(CFGF SUPPORTS)**

The One Big Beautiful Bill Act permanently extends the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act provisions, restores 100

percent immediate expensing, and rolls back Inflation Reduction Act energy subsidies. Lower marginal tax rates and full expensing increase capital investment, productivity, wage growth, and long-run economic expansion.

RESCISSIONS ACT OF 2025 **(CFGF SUPPORTS)**

The Rescissions Act of 2025 cancels billions in previously appropriated spending for foreign aid and public broadcasting that taxpayers should not be forced to fund. Congress should reclaim unnecessary spending authority instead of allowing federal agencies to spend money simply because it was already appropriated. Rescinding these funds is a practical step toward reducing waste, restoring fiscal discipline, and limiting taxpayer support for programs that do not serve core national priorities.

LEGISLATION LIMITING EARMARK DISCLOSURE LOOPHOLES **(CFGF SUPPORTS)**

This legislation limits earmark disclosure loopholes because earmarks encourage wasteful spending and allow politically connected projects to bypass competitive funding processes. Strengthening transparency and restricting earmarks helps reduce corruption risks and discourages unnecessary federal expenditures.

CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026 **(CFGF SUPPORTS)**

This continuing appropriations legislation for Fiscal Year 2026 avoids large omnibus spending increases and maintains pressure for future spending restraint negotiations. Temporary funding measures are preferable to long-term appropriations packages that permanently expand discretionary federal spending levels.

LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS CONSIDERED IN 2025:

COMPUTATION

Scores are computed on a scale of 0 to 100. Each vote or action in the rating is assigned a certain number of points depending on its relative importance. Absences are not counted, though the Foundation reserves the right to do so if, in its judgment, a Member's position was otherwise discernible.

To provide some additional guidance concerning the scores, each lawmaker was ranked. Aside from ties, members with 0% scores are, by

The Foundation's study examined all 1,021 floor votes in the House (362) and Senate (659) and, in the end, included 19 House votes and 17 Senate votes.

default, ranked #435 in the House and #100 in the Senate. Scores and ranks cannot be directly compared between the House and Senate, as different votes were taken in each chamber. The study also records a "Lifetime Score" for each Member of Congress. This is a simple average of the scores from all previous years where the lawmaker earned a score in the Club's scorecards.

In some cases a lawmaker was not present for enough votes for a meaningful score or ranking to be computed. In such cases "n.a." for "not applicable" appears. In computing lifetime

scores, years with "n.a." listed instead of a score are not included. Comparing such scores to other members without "n.a." years may be misleading.

ADDITIONAL FACTORS

A study of roll call votes on the floor of the House and Senate and legislative actions is just that. It cannot account for a lawmaker's work in committee, advocacy in his party's caucus meetings, and effectiveness as a leader in advocating pro-growth policies.